

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

FINANCIAL REPORT

**FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020**

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governing Board
Campbell County Cemetery District
Gillette, Wyoming

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of **Campbell County Cemetery District (District)**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **District's** basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the **District's** internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the **Campbell County Cemetery District**, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9, the Schedule of the **Campbell County Cemetery District's** Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Public Employees' Pension Plan, and the Schedule of **Campbell County Cemetery District's** Contributions - Public Employees' Pension Plan and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on pages 28 and 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2020, on our consideration of the **Campbell County Cemetery District's** internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the **District's** internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the **Campbell County Cemetery District's** internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bennett, Weber & Hermsstad, LLP

Gillette, Wyoming
November 30, 2020

Management of Campbell County Cemetery District (the District) provides this Management Discussion and Analysis of the District's annual financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

2019-2020 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District had an increase in net position of \$3,255,241, or 8.87%. This was mostly due to the District's increase in capital assets and decrease in current and long-term liabilities. The District anticipates future expenditures in capital projects. The District expects future tax levies to be reduced.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The basic financial statements consist of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Governmental Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the District, on a comparative basis, including resources held by the District but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year and schedules of the District's share of the net pension liability and the District's contributions to the pension plan.

Government-Wide Statements (The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities)

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are reported in the following category:

- Governmental Activities - This category includes the District's basic cemetery services. Property taxes, donations, and interest earnings finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provides more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The District has only one fund, the General Fund, which is a governmental fund as explained below.

- Governmental Funds - All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. This information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements. Therefore, reconciliation is shown on the statements.

REPORTING THE CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position and Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities.

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is "Is Campbell County Cemetery District as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The financial statements report information about District resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets (restricted and unrestricted) and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the District's net position, which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as one way to measure financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the quality of services provided to its customers and local economic conditions, are also important in making this determination.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The following schedule shows the assets, liabilities and net position for the District:

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current Assets	\$30,387,457	\$32,287,998
Capital assets net of depreciation	<u>11,133,312</u>	<u>11,848,422</u>
Total assets	<u>41,520,769</u>	<u>44,136,420</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension Plans	<u>173,355</u>	<u>104,374</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>173,355</u>	<u>104,374</u>
Current Liabilities	226,825	196,723
Long-term liabilities	<u>593,460</u>	<u>497,639</u>
Total liabilities	<u>820,285</u>	<u>694,362</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pensions	22,828	97,990
Property taxes levied for future periods	<u>4,161,715</u>	<u>3,503,905</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>4,184,543</u>	<u>3,601,895</u>
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	11,086,155	11,798,299
Unrestricted	<u>25,603,141</u>	<u>28,146,238</u>
Total net position	<u>\$36,689,296</u>	<u>\$39,944,537</u>

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The District's net position increased by \$3,255,241 during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The following shows the changes in net position for the District during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2019	2020
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$75,400	\$78,920
Capital grants and contributions	44,000	-
General revenues		
Taxes, primarily property	3,131,915	4,390,328
Investment income	667,537	635,407
Miscellaneous income	33,970	20,589
Gain on Sale of Assets	-	26,850
	3,952,822	5,152,094
Expenses		
Cemetery	1,823,819	1,877,933
Capital Outlay	-	18,920
	1,823,819	1,896,853
Increase in Net Position	2,129,003	3,255,241
Beginning Net Position	34,560,293	36,689,296
Ending Net Position	\$36,689,296	\$39,944,537

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND

The General Fund had an increase in fund balance this year of \$2,234,143. This was mostly due to the District spending less than the mill levy brought in. The additional funds were used to increase committed fund balances for future projects by \$1,979,248.

The Campbell County Cemetery District's continued rise in net position year over year reflects the strategic guidance of the Board of Trustees. Since approximately 2010, the excess of revenues over expenditures is a result in the funding of committed reserves as well as a "general" reserve which remains as "unassigned" funds. The accumulation of the committed reserves is dominated by the Mt. Nebo reserve, which is intended to pay for the development of a 200-acre future cemetery site when capacity at Mt. Pisgah Cemetery has been reached. The District began purchasing property for this inevitable future expansion in 2006 and has since expanded the acreage from an original 100 acres to the current 200. During that time, the District has embarked on incremental improvements to that site with some preliminary site grading and has spent a great deal of time master planning the phased development of that site. It is the districts intention to build the reserves over time and take advantage of compounding interest to aid in the development costs associated with that site to in order to ease the taxation burden on Campbell County. The District has a thorough and elaborate master plan and financial model that can be adjusted based on dates and costs of construction, inflation, investment rate of return, and rate of contribution to help provide assistance and guidance with the funding model for this and other reserves. The District intends to continue to grow

this fund in accordance with its modeling and will adjust as conditions warrant. In 2018 it was modeled that if the entire site were to be developed all at once with no phasing, the entire cost (in 2018 dollars) would be approximately \$40M-\$50M. Phased out over 50 years, which is entirely realistic and currently modeled, the costs when adjusted for inflation could easily approach \$100 million. For this reason, the importance of this reserve cannot be understated. The District intends to grow this reserve to at least \$40M prior to the first several significant construction phases associated with the development of the Mt. Nebo cemetery.

Similarly, the District owns and supports a strategically important water system to provide irrigation to several of its cemeteries, which include the future Mt. Nebo Cemetery. This reserve is a depreciation reserve, which is funded by our projected depreciation amount each year for the maintenance and replacement of 6 water wells as well as an extensive storage and distribution system.

The District maintains a smaller Beautification reserve, with those funds being set aside to provide embellishments to our cemeteries in a variety of presentations.

Our "general" reserve, which consists primarily of the Unassigned fund balance is set by Trustee recommendation at \$5,000,000 (Five million). This amount is considered an emergency, and/or general reserve and allows for some self-insurance of District owned equipment as well as providing cash flow while waiting for the collection of property taxes which primarily occur twice a year in May and November.

All these funds are invested appropriately and responsibly in either fully liquid investments that are statutorily approved and/or a variety of short- and longer-term investments depending on the objectives of the particular reserve. The interest from each reserve is compounded to that reserve to receive the maximum benefit to avoid increasing levies in the future.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

One positive element was that the actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$381,261. This positive variance was mostly attributed to projected capital outlay, maintenance, and office supplies that went under budget. The District also was able to keep expenses under budget in several other areas. Another was that investment income was higher than budget by \$144,907 and the District experienced an increase in charges for services of \$11,420.

Campbell County Cemetery District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District began a construction project at Mount Nebo Cemetery. As of June 30, 2020, the District incurred approximately \$2,333,000 in construction costs including engineering fees, of which approximately \$899,000 remains in construction in progress. The remaining amounts were all capitalized in prior years. The Mount Nebo project is expected to continue for several years and be capitalized in phases as work is completed. This project is funded with reserves.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District engaged in remodeling/expanding their office building. The project was completed during the fiscal year.

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2020
Non-depreciable Capital Assets				
Art Work	\$ 270,660	\$ 132,420	\$ -	\$ 403,080
Construction in progress (Note 3)	892,910	56,491	(50,630)	898,771
Land	782,824	211,000	-	993,824
Intangible Asset	26,563	53,125	-	79,688
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	1,972,957	453,036	(50,630)	2,375,363
Capital Assets being Depreciated				
Intangible assets	-	10,625	-	10,625
Buildings	2,952,723	734,600	-	3,687,323
Equipment and vehicles	997,012	130,200	(92,701)	1,034,511
Land improvements	10,727,296	84,999	-	10,812,295
Total Capital Assets	14,677,031	960,424	(92,701)	15,544,754
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Intangible assets	-	(531)	-	(531)
Buildings	(989,666)	(64,847)	-	(1,054,513)
Equipment and vehicles	(719,758)	(86,166)	92,701	(713,223)
Land improvements	(3,807,252)	(496,176)	-	(4,303,428)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,516,676)	(647,720)	92,701	(6,071,695)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	9,160,355	312,704	-	9,473,059
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,133,312	\$ 765,740	(50,630)	\$11,848,422

LONG-TERM DEBT

Net pension liability decreased due to The State of Wyoming's actuarial study showing the overall plans in accordance with GASB 68.

	Liabilities Payable June 30,		Liabilities Payable June 30,		Due Within One Year
	2019	Issued	Retired	2020	Year
Net Pension Liability	\$593,460	-	\$(95,821)	\$497,639	-

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's financial position improved during the year ended June 30, 2020 due to tax receipts being more than expenses. The District's financial condition fluctuates from year to year based on the number of mills assessed for property taxes. The District has decreased the property tax levy to \$3,503,905 for 2020 taxes. Taxes will be used for future projects and to build reserves for the District.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the District Business Office at 804 Emerson, Gillette, Wyoming 82716.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 217,402	\$ -	\$ 217,402
Investments	27,945,511	-	27,945,511
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	4,066,121	-	4,066,121
Accrued interest receivable	38,033	-	38,033
Prepaid expenses	20,931	-	20,931
Nondepreciable capital assets	-	2,375,363	2,375,363
Depreciable capital assets, net	-	9,473,059	9,473,059
Total Assets	\$ 32,287,998	\$ 11,848,422	\$ 44,136,420
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Relating to pensions	\$ -	\$ 104,374	\$ 104,374
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 143,171	\$ -	\$ 143,171
Accrued compensation	53,552	-	53,552
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	-	497,639	497,639
Total Liabilities	\$ 196,723	\$ 497,639	\$ 694,362
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Taxes levied for subsequent years	\$ 4,053,700	\$ (549,795)	\$ 3,503,905
Relating to pensions	-	97,990	97,990
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 4,053,700	\$ (451,805)	\$ 3,601,895
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION			
Fund Balance:			
Nonspendable	\$ 20,931	\$ (20,931)	\$ -
Committed:			
For Mt. Nebo future development	17,427,246	(17,427,246)	-
For water project	4,027,017	(4,027,017)	-
For cemetery beautification	610,259	(610,259)	-
Unassigned	5,952,122	(5,952,122)	-
Total Fund Balance	\$ 28,037,575	\$ (28,037,575)	\$ -
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 32,287,998		
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets		\$ 11,798,299	\$ 11,798,299
Unrestricted		28,146,238	28,146,238
Total Net Position		\$ 39,944,537	\$ 39,944,537

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

**RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 28,037,575
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Non-depreciable capital assets	\$ 2,375,363
Depreciable capital assets	15,544,754
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(6,071,695)</u>
Total capital assets	11,848,422
Taxes are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.	549,795
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	(497,639)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 104,374
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	<u>(97,990)</u>
	6,384
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 39,944,537

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE**

Year Ended **June 30, 2020**

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Expenditures/Expenses:			
Current:			
Cemetery operations	\$ 1,181,891	\$ 696,042	\$ 1,877,933
Capital outlay	1,381,750	(1,362,830)	18,920
Total expenditures/expenses	\$ 2,563,641	\$ (666,788)	\$ 1,896,853
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 78,920	\$ -	\$ 78,920
Net (Expense)			<u>\$ (1,817,933)</u>
General Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 4,036,018	\$ 354,310	\$ 4,390,328
Investment income	635,407	-	635,407
Gain on sale of assets	26,850	-	26,850
Miscellaneous income	20,589	-	20,589
Total general revenues	\$ 4,718,864	\$ 354,310	\$ 5,073,174
Excess of revenues over expenditures/expenses	\$ 2,234,143	\$ (2,234,143)	\$ -
Change in net position	-	3,255,241	3,255,241
Fund Balance/Net Position:			
Beginning, July 1	25,803,432	10,885,864	36,689,296
Ending, June 30	\$ 28,037,575	\$ 11,906,962	\$ 39,944,537

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

Year Ended **June 30, 2020**

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund		\$ 2,234,143
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Timing differences for the recognition of property and production tax revenues between revenues reported in the governmental fund and revenues reported in the statement of activities.</p>		
		354,310
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.</p>		
Capital outlays	\$ 1,362,830	
Depreciation	<u>(647,720)</u>	
		715,110
<p>Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the general fund.</p>		
<p> Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.</p>		
		(48,322)
<p>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities</p>		\$ 3,255,241

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 4,313,912	\$ 4,313,912	\$ 4,036,018	\$ (277,894)
Charges for services	67,500	67,500	78,920	11,420
Investment income	490,500	490,500	635,407	144,907
Miscellaneous income	20,000	20,000	20,589	589
Total revenues	\$ 4,891,912	\$ 4,891,912	\$ 4,770,934	\$ (120,978)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Administrative:				
Board expenses	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ 3,563	\$ 4,437
Employee training and assistance	6,000	6,000	4,810	1,190
Legal and accounting	64,000	64,000	53,620	10,380
Office supplies	83,700	83,700	50,204	33,496
Salaries	170,400	170,400	177,958	(7,558)
Telephone communications	6,100	6,100	6,257	(157)
Capital outlay	1,739,000	1,752,580	1,381,750	370,830
Operations and indirect:				
Insurance	156,800	156,800	151,676	5,124
Payroll expenses	105,000	105,000	103,947	1,053
Repairs	75,000	75,000	53,063	21,937
Safety	3,500	3,500	2,952	548
Salaries	325,000	325,000	352,817	(27,817)
Shop supplies	20,000	20,000	12,706	7,294
Supplies	8,800	8,800	5,128	3,672
Travel	2,500	2,500	68	2,432
Program services:				
Beautification	50,000	50,000	27,466	22,534
Sales commissions	500	500	285	215
Grounds maintenance	62,500	62,500	48,205	14,295
Monument setting	4,000	4,000	1,919	2,081
Oil and gas	28,000	28,000	21,025	6,975
Professional fees	60,000	60,000	47,158	12,842
Utilities	73,500	73,500	57,064	16,436
Total expenditures	\$ 3,052,300	\$ 3,065,880	\$ 2,563,641	\$ 502,239
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 1,839,612	\$ 1,826,032	\$ 2,207,293	\$ 381,261
Other financing sources:				
Sale of general capital assets	-	-	26,850	26,850
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,839,612	\$ 1,826,032	\$ 2,234,143	\$ 408,111
Fund balance, beginning of the year	25,803,432	25,803,432	25,803,432	-
Fund balance, end of the year	\$27,643,044	\$27,629,464	\$28,037,575	\$ 408,111

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Campbell County Cemetery District (the “District”) is a political subdivision of the State of Wyoming. It was created on December 15, 1964 and is governed by a board of six elected trustees. The District maintains and operates two cemeteries in the City of Gillette and seven rural cemeteries in Campbell County, Wyoming.

In conformity with Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Campbell County Cemetery District is the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity because the District’s Board is elected by the District’s members, is empowered to adopt a budget, to expend District revenues, to significantly influence operations, and is primarily accountable for fiscal matters. The financial statements of the District include all funds that are controlled by or dependent upon the elected Board. Control by or dependence on the elected Board is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt which may be secured by general obligation of the District, and the responsibility of the District to finance debt. Based on these criteria, there are no agencies or entities which should be combined with the financial statements of the District.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District’s basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District’s major fund).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property and production taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined and “available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property and production taxes, investment income and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund and is always classified as a major fund. It accounts for all financial resources and transactions of the District.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

The District's cash is considered to be cash on hand and demand deposit accounts.

The District is authorized and limited by its governing board to invest in those types of securities as allowed by Wyoming State Statutes. Investments of the District are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

2. Property and Production Taxes Receivable

Tax revenues represent property and production taxes for 2019 and prior years which were collected during the year ended June 30, 2020. Property is annually valued and assessed January 1. Property and production taxes are levied by the first Monday of August and payable in two installments on September 1 and March 1. These installments become delinquent and thus payable, on November 10 and May 10. The taxpayer may elect, without penalty, to pay the entire balance by December 31. If not paid, property and production taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on May 11 as of January 1. Property and production tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables, which means when collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end to be used to pay liabilities of the current period on the financial statements. Property and production taxes which are not current receivables are offset by deferred inflows of resources. Property and production taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the District in the month following collection.

3. Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid expenses and are accounted for on the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Buildings and land improvements with an individual cost of less than \$50,000, vehicles with an individual cost of less than \$10,000, equipment less than \$5,000, intangible assets less than \$5,000 and art work less than \$7,500 are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at date of receipt. Donated capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2015 are stated at fair value as of the date of donation. The District does not possess any infrastructure. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land, construction in progress, art work and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are depreciated. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Intangible assets	10 years
Buildings	33-40 years
Equipment and vehicles	3-15 years
Land improvements	10-20 years

5. Compensated Absences

Benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as payment for unused accrued annual leave upon termination of services. The District records a liability for accumulated unused annual leave when earned for all eligible employees.

Sick leave is accumulated at a rate of four hours each pay period. There is no limit on the number of hours an employee may accumulate. Sick leave is not paid upon termination of employment, but sick leave of approximately \$69,000 was available for use at June 30, 2020.

6. Program Revenues

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into categories as follows:

- a. Charges for services - These arise from charges to customers or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the services or privileges provided or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- b. Operating or capital contributions - These arise from voluntary non-exchange transactions with organizations or individuals and are to be used for operations or purchase of capital assets of the District.

7. Defined Benefit Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wyoming Retirement System Public Employees' Pension Plan (Plan), and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Fund Balance

The District reports fund balance in its governmental fund based on hierarchy of classifications that are primarily based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts can be spent. The fund balance classifications used by the District's governmental fund are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balances - Those balances representing amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. The not in spendable form criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. The amounts reported as nonspendable fund balances are determined before classifying the amounts as restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted fund balances - Those balances representing amounts that are externally restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restrictions can also be imposed through law, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. The District had no restricted fund balances as of June 30, 2020.

Committed fund balances - Those balances representing amounts that can only be used for specified purposes as imposed by formal actions of the District's Governing Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District's Governing Board removes or changes the specified use through the same formal action.

Assigned fund balances - Those balances representing amounts that are constrained by the District to be used for a specified purpose. These amounts are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for making or changing an assignment of fund balance is required to be made by the District's Governing Board as are committed fund balances. Assigned fund balances are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balances - Those fund balances representing the remaining classification for the general fund. This balance represents the fund balance of the general fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the general fund. If expenditures incurred for specified purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes, a negative unassigned fund balance may be reported.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Net Position

Net position represents the residual of all other elements presented in the statement of net position which equals assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets including accounts payable, contract and retainage payable. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District had no restrictions of net position as of June 30, 2020.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

10. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Before May 15, management prepares the budget for the following fiscal year and presents it to the District's Governing Board for review. The District's Governing Board holds public hearings not later than five days after the third Thursday in July; the final budget is then prepared and adopted at a Board meeting no later than July 30. Unexpended budgeted amounts lapse at the end of the budget year. Spending control is established at the fund level while management control is exercised at the budgetary line item level. The District may amend its budget after it is approved using the same procedures necessary to approve the original budget. The District amended its budget once over the course of the year ended June 30, 2020. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect appropriation in the first complete appropriated budget and the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations.

Note 3. Detailed Notes on the Financial Statements

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned or the District will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy requires that all acceptable securities pledged as collateral have a fair market value equal to or exceeding 102 percent of total deposits, including any accrued interest, less the amount of Federal Deposit Corporation Insurance (FDIC). The District's deposits as of June 30, 2020 were covered, in their entirety by FDIC insured institution(s) or through an insured cash sweep (ICS) deposit placement agreement with a local bank which allows the deposit to be divided into amounts under the standard FDIC insurance maximum of \$250,000 and is placed in deposit accounts at other ICS network banks.

Investments - The District's investment policy limits investment in bank certificates of deposit or other similar low-risk, restrictive investments. This policy is more restrictive than allowed by State Statutes.

Investments of the District are reported at fair value. The Wyoming State Treasurer Asset Reserve (WYO-STAR) and Wyoming Government Investment Fund (WGIF) operate in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The WYO-STAR and WGIF investment portfolios administer the short-term cash deposits made by local entities. The investments are administered to provide liquid cash reserves, placing the majority portion in cash portfolio and the rest in an extended cash portfolio. Specified State of Wyoming elected officials are responsible for regulatory oversight of WYO-STAR. The weighted average maturity of WYO-STAR I is 183 days and WYO-STAR II is 814 days, but the weighted average maturity of these funds for the District are 1 day at June 30, 2020. WGIF is sponsored by the Wyoming Association of Municipalities and the Wyoming School Board Association and is governed by a board elected by the depositors. The weighted average maturity of WGIF liquid asset series is 55 days, but the weighted average maturity of this fund for the District is 1 day at June 30, 2020.

Fair Value of Investments - The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data, for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Detailed Notes on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair values of the assets or liabilities.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

	June 30, 2020	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level				
WYO-STAR I	\$ 9,925,253	\$ -	\$ 9,925,253	\$ -
WYO-STAR II	8,378,323	-	8,378,323	-
Wyoming Government Investment Fund				
Certificates of Deposit	1,224,000	-	1,224,000	-
Certificates of Deposit in ICS network banks	2,004,723	-	2,004,723	-
Total investments measured by fair value level	\$ 21,532,299	\$ -	\$ 21,532,299	\$ -
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)				
Wyoming Government Investment Fund				
Liquid Asset Series	\$ 6,413,212			
Total investments	\$ 27,945,511			

Investments classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

WYO-STAR I funds are valued, by applying the June 30, 2020 fair value factor, by the Wyoming State Treasurer's office and represent the District's interest in the pool based on the District's cash balance as a percentage of the total cash balance of the pool (Level 2 input). The Fund is comprised of short-term bonds and cash only, and the District is eligible to redeem these funds at any time, with no redemption notice period required.

WYO-STAR II funds are valued, by applying the June 30, 2020 fair value factor, by the Wyoming State Treasurer's office and represent the District's interest in the pool based on the District's cash balance of the pool (Level 2 input). The fund is comprised of long-term bonds with a minimum deposit of \$1,500, and the District must invest for a minimum of three months and is subject to early withdrawal penalties. At June 30, 2020 all deposits in this pool were available for withdrawal without penalty.

Investments valued using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are assets being reported according to GASB No. 79 requirements following amortized cost by the Wyoming Government Investment Fund. Entities are eligible to redeem the funds in the Liquid Asset Series at any time, with no redemption notice period required.

Certificates of deposit are investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts and therefore are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit are redeemable at any time in accordance with the participating bank's early redemption notice period and its policies regarding early withdrawal penalties.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. Currently there are no restrictions on when the District can withdraw or contribute money to its current investments. WYO-STAR is permitted to purchase asset-backed securities, repurchase agreements, government securities and US currency, which are all allowed under State Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from the concentration of credit risk requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Detailed Notes on the Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2020 the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value or NAV	Credit Quality Ratings ⁽¹⁾	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)	Specific Identification Maturity
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 2,004,723	N/A	-	11/18/21
WYO-STAR Local Government (WYO-STAR I) Investment Pool	9,925,253	N/A	1	-
WYO-STAR Local Government (WYO-STAR II) Investment Pool	8,378,323	N/A	1	-
Wyoming Government Investment Fund - Liquid Asset Series	6,413,212	AAAm	1	-
Wyoming Government Investment Fund - Certificates of Deposit	1,224,000	N/A	-	10/14/20
Total Investments	\$ 27,945,511			

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk. N/A indicates not applicable.

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investing is performed in accordance with investing policies adopted by the District complying with Wyoming State Statutes. Investments in external investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form entry, and therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk related to this type of investment.

B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Taxes receivable for 2019 and prior years	\$ 658,604
Estimated taxes receivable for 2020	3,503,905
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	(96,388)
Taxes Receivable, Net	\$ 4,066,121

Net taxes receivable of \$4,066,121 includes 2020 property taxes of \$3,503,905. This amount represents estimated taxes based on the 2020 assessed valuation. 2020 taxes are not levied until the first Monday of August, however the District has an enforceable legal claim as of the lien date, defined as the January 1 preceding the start of the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. These 2020 taxes are included in deferred inflows of resources both on the statement of net position and in the fund statements.

The District reports deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current year. As of June 30, 2020, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported by the District were as follows:

Unavailable taxes, 2019 and prior years	\$ 549,795
Unavailable taxes, 2020	3,503,905
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,053,700

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Detailed Notes on the Financial Statements (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance, June 30, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Art work	\$ 270,660	\$ 132,420	\$ -	\$ 403,080
Construction in progress	892,910	56,491	(50,630)	898,771
Land	782,824	211,000	-	993,824
Intangible assets	26,563	53,125	-	79,688
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$ 1,972,957	\$ 453,036	\$ (50,630)	\$ 2,375,363
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Intangible assets	\$ -	\$ 10,625	\$ -	\$ 10,625
Buildings	2,952,723	734,600	-	3,687,323
Equipment and vehicles	997,012	130,200	(92,701)	1,034,511
Land improvements	10,727,296	84,999	-	10,812,295
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	\$14,677,031	\$ 960,424	\$ (92,701)	\$15,544,754
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Intangible asset	\$ -	\$ (531)	\$ -	\$ (531)
Buildings	(989,666)	(64,847)	-	(1,054,513)
Equipment and vehicles	(719,758)	(86,166)	92,701	(713,223)
Land improvements	(3,807,252)	(496,176)	-	(4,303,428)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$(5,516,676)	\$ (647,720)	\$ 92,701	\$ (6,071,695)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 9,160,355	\$ 312,704	\$ -	\$ 9,473,059
Capital Assets, Net	\$11,133,312	\$ 765,740	\$ (50,630)	\$11,848,422

Total depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$647,720.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District began a construction project at Mount Nebo Cemetery. As of June 30, 2020, the District has incurred approximately \$2,333,000 in construction costs including engineering fees, of which approximately \$899,000 remains in construction in progress. The remaining amounts were all capitalized in prior years. The Mount Nebo project is expected to continue for several years and be capitalized in phases as work is completed. This project is being funded with reserves.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Detailed Notes on the Financial Statements (Continued)

D. Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accumulate annual leave, which includes vacation. The rate of accumulation depends on years of service for the District and ranges from two to four weeks per year. Per Board policy, any accumulation beyond 40 hours on December 31 is lost. Accrued annual leave is paid to the employee upon termination of employment, provided that the employee has completed three months of employment. The District’s employees have vested annual leave of approximately \$28,600 at June 30, 2020, which is included in accrued compensation.

E. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 593,460	\$ -	\$ (95,821)	\$ 497,639	\$ -

Note 4. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in a joint powers agreement with other governmental entities around the State of Wyoming for participating in the Local Government Liability Pool (LGLP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The LGLP constitutes a separate corporate, political and legal entity from the other governmental entities it represents. For insured programs there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage, and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years. The District does not maintain an inland marine policy, choosing instead to self-insure its equipment and tools.

The annual pooling contribution is payment for coverage provided by LGLP to each member of the Pool. All funds held by LGLP are funds received from its members. The funds and accounts are maintained by LGLP in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, the Uniform Municipal Fiscal Procedures Act (W.S. §16-4-101) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #10 requirements. Books and records of the Pool shall be open to inspection during regular business hours at the Local Government Liability Pool offices, 6844 Yellowtail Road, Cheyenne, WY 82009 or by calling (307) 638-1911.

Pooled risk insurance coverages provided to the participating members is as follows:

Covered claims subject to the Wyoming Governmental Claims Act (W.S. 1-39-101 et seq.)	\$250,000 per claimant, but not more than \$500,000 per occurrence for all claimants
Federal and Out-Of-State Claims	\$1,500,000 per occurrence for all claimants, \$5,000,000 annual aggregate
Member Deductible	\$5,000 per occurrence

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Other Information (Continued)

B. Pension Obligations

Plan Description

Substantially all employees of the District are provided with pensions through the Wyoming Retirement System Public Employees' Pension Plan (Plan) - a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Wyoming Retirement System (WRS). The authority to establish and amend benefits and contributions rates rests with the Legislature of the State of Wyoming. WRS is granted the authority to administer the Plan by Wyoming State Statutes 9-3-401 through 432. WRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <http://retirement.state.wy.us/home/index.html>.

Employee membership data related to the Plan, as of June 30, 2020 was as follows:

The three classes of covered employees in the Plan include: retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, and active plan members.

Benefits provided

The determination of retirement benefits is dependent upon the employee's initial employment date.

Service Retirement Tier 1: Full retirement at age 60 or qualifies for the Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 50 or 25 years of service. Formula for retirement equals 2.125% times the number of years of service times the three years' highest average salary for the first fifteen years and 2.25% times the number of years of service times the three year highest average over fifteen years.

Service Retirement Tier 2: Full retirement at age 65 or qualifies for Rule of 85. Early retirement is permitted at age 55 or 25 years of service. Formula for retirement equals 2% times the number of years of service times the five year highest average salary.

Disability Benefits: Partial or total disability retirement is available to any member who becomes incapacitated, mentally or physically, and cannot continue in the performance of his/her duties. To qualify, the member must have at least 10 years of service and must be "in service" at the time of application for disability retirement. Upon retirement for a partial disability, the member receives a monthly disability retirement benefit for the period of his/her disability equal to 50% of the normal benefit payable to the member, as if the member was eligible for normal retirement benefits. Upon retirement for a total disability, the member receives a monthly disability benefit equal to 100% of his service retirement benefit as if the member was eligible for normal retirement benefits. Disability benefits are payable for the life of the member or until death.

Survivor's Benefits: Certain surviving dependents receive benefits based on the deceased member's compensation and their relationship to the deceased, as well as the benefit option selected by the member at the date of retirement.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's total payroll for all employees was approximately \$511,600. Total covered payroll was approximately \$400,400. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the District to active employees covered by the Plan.

Contributions

Per Title 9-3-412 and 413 of Wyoming State Statutes, for the year ended June 30, 2020, member contributions were required to be 8.75% of compensation and employer contributions were required to be 8.87% of compensation. In accordance with Title 9-3-412(c)(ii) of State Statutes, the District has elected to pay 4.75% of the members' contributions in addition to the employer's contributions. Total contributions to the pension plan from the District were approximately \$54,500 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Other Information (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020 the District reported a liability of approximately \$497,600 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the relationship of the District's total contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 to the contributions of all participating employers for the same period. As of December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.0212%, which was an increase of 0.0017% from its proportion of 0.0195% measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of approximately \$81,700. As of June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 9,091
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan investments	-	78,803
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	69,774	10,096
Change in assumption	15,997	-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	18,603	-
Total	\$ 104,374	\$ 97,990

The \$18,603 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,

2021	\$ 17,704
2022	\$ (5,116)
2023	\$ 8,372
2024	\$ (33,179)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.5% - 6.5%, including inflation
Payroll growth rate	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of Plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males, or females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Other Information (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.32 %	1.67 %
Equity	48.50%	5.43 %	7.42 %
Market Alternatives	19.00%	3.46 %	4.33 %
Private Markets	9.50%	4.46 %	5.58 %
Cash	2.00%	(0.20)%	(0.20)%
Total	100.00%		

Experience Analysis

An experience study was conducted on behalf of all WRS' plans covering the five-year period ended December 31, 2016. That study provided a detailed analysis concerning the development of the long-term inflation rate, real rate of return and discount rate. The study also analyzed each major actuarial assumption (e.g., mortality, salary increases, retirement, termination and disability) and proposed assumptions consistent with the findings.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 was 7.00%, which did not change from the December 31, 2018 percentage. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate	District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
1% decrease	6.00%	\$ 751,849
Current discount rate	7.00%	\$ 497,639
1% increase	8.00%	\$ 285,478

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Other Information (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued WRS financial report available from the Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82002, or at <http://retirement.state.wy.us/home/index.html>.

C. Tax Revenue

Approximately 83% of the tax revenue for the year ended June 30, 2020 represents production tax based on the value of minerals extracted, which may vary from year to year.

D. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

In June, 2017 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. On May 8, 2020 GASB issued Statement No. 95, which postponed the effective date of several standards, including No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement is now effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

E. Contingencies

On March 11, 2020, a global pandemic was declared as a result of the COVID-19 virus. The pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020 and the true effects to the District, as a result of the virus, are not fully measurable as of the date of this report. The District has taken a number of measures to monitor and mitigate the effects of COVID-19, such as safety and health measures for its employees and clients.

Various governments' efforts that have been made to contain the virus have affected economic activity and may have a direct effect to the District at some point. Due to the broad reach of the virus and its penetrating economic effects across our state and country we anticipate potential decreases in future revenues in the form of reduced investment earnings. The effects are not possible to estimate or measure as of the date of this report.

CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT'S
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN***

	District's Percentage Of Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share Of Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability as A Percentage Of Covered Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage Of Net Pension Liability
2013	.017475800%	\$ 265,702	\$ 302,600	87.81%	N/A
2014	.017690668%	\$ 312,186	\$ 310,000	100.71%	79.08%
2015	.017613983%	\$ 410,291	\$ 320,100	128.18%	73.40%
2016	.016520100%	\$ 399,373	\$ 300,400	132.95%	73.42%
2017	.019313800%	\$ 440,227	\$ 339,400	129.71%	76.35%
2018	.019487800%	\$ 593,460	\$ 339,500	174.80%	69.17%
2019	.021176800%	\$ 497,639	\$ 377,000	131.99%	76.83%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. Years presented are as of the measurement date of December 31.

**SCHEDULE OF CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN***

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily Required Contributions	District's Contributions Related to Statutory Contributions	Difference Between Statutorily Required And Actual Contributions	District's Covered Payroll	Statutorily Required District's Contributions As a Percentage of District's Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 21,600	\$ 21,600	\$ -	\$ 304,000	7.12%
2015	\$ 23,600	\$ 23,600	\$ -	\$ 307,200	7.62%
2016	\$ 27,000	\$ 27,000	\$ -	\$ 322,600	8.37%
2017	\$ 26,100	\$ 26,100	\$ -	\$ 312,100	8.37%
2018	\$ 28,900	\$ 28,900	\$ -	\$ 345,500	8.37%
2019	\$ 30,400	\$ 30,400	\$ -	\$ 354,500	8.56%
2020	\$ 35,500	\$ 35,500	\$ -	\$ 400,400	8.87%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. Years presented are as of the contribution date of June 30.

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

**CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms between the December 31, 2018 measurement date and the December 31, 2019 measurement date.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions between the December 31, 2018 measurement date and the December 31, 2019 measurement date.

BENNETT, WEBER & HERMSTAD, LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Governing Board
Campbell County Cemetery District
Gillette, Wyoming

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the **Campbell County Cemetery District, (District)** as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **District's** basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the **District's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the **District's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the **District's** internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the **District's** financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bennett, Weber & Hermsstad, LLP

Gillette, Wyoming
November 30, 2020

**CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS**

Year Ended **June 30, 2020**

Section I. Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes X none reported
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes X no

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

A. Internal Control Findings

There were no internal control findings.

B. Compliance Findings

There were no compliance findings.

**CAMPBELL COUNTY CEMETERY DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

Year Ended **June 30, 2020**

Prior Year Findings:

There were no prior year findings.
